

# Being Productive With Emacs

Part 1



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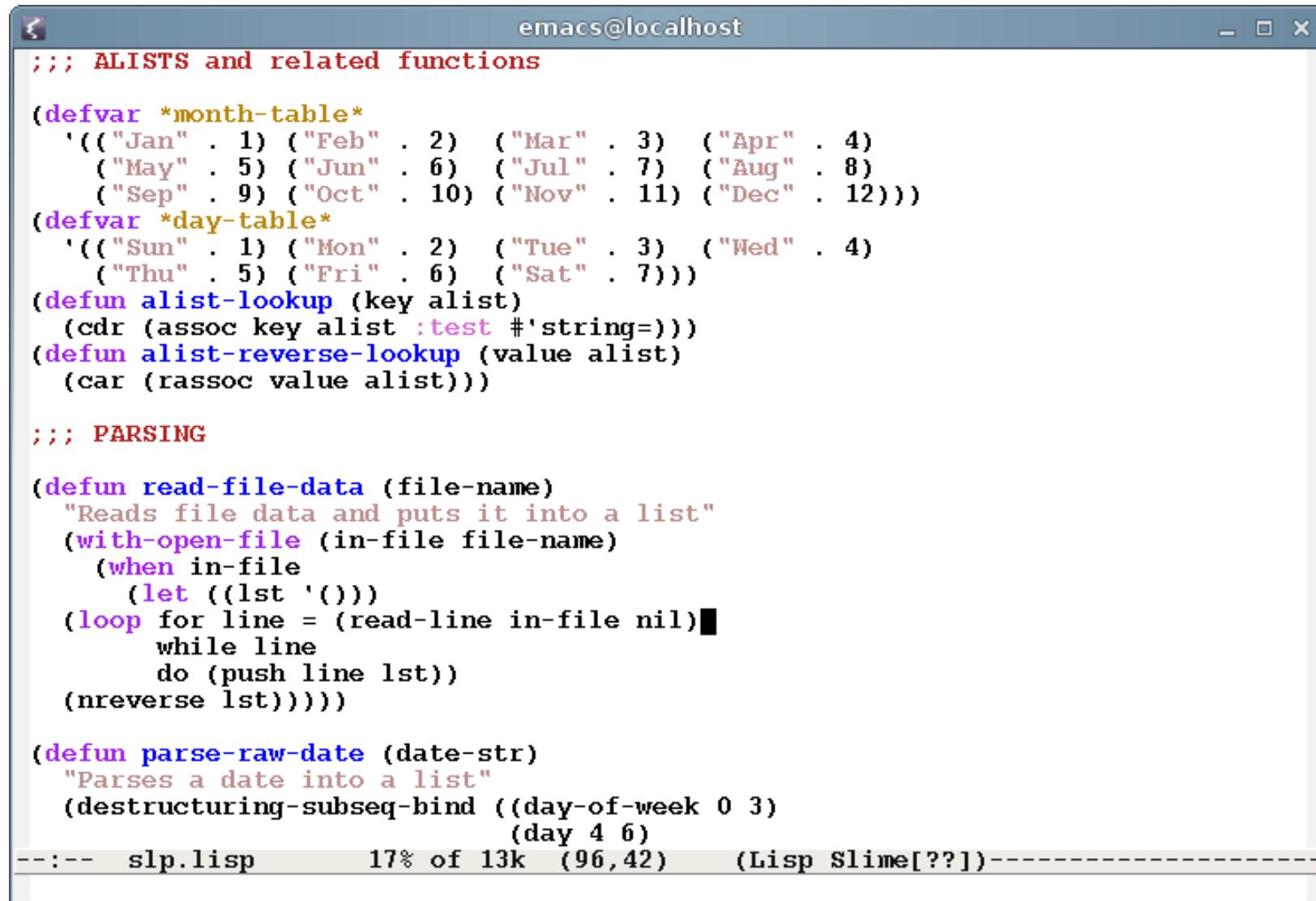
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`http://stuff.mit.edu/iap/emacs`

Special thanks to Piaw Na and Arthur Gleckler  
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**“Emacs** is the extensible, customizable,  
self-documenting real-time display editor.”

# The many faces of emacs



A screenshot of an Emacs window titled "emacs@localhost". The buffer contains Lisp source code. The code is color-coded: purple for symbols like defvar, defun, and let; pink for strings like "Jan", "Feb", etc.; and black for comments and other text. The code defines two tables (month-table and day-table) as lists of cons cells, and two functions (alist-lookup and alist-reverse-lookup). It then moves to a section titled "PARSING" and defines two functions: read-file-data, which reads a file into a list, and parse-raw-date, which parses a date string into a list using destructuring-bind. The status bar at the bottom shows the file name "slp.lisp", a progress indicator "17% of 13k (96,42)", and the environment "(Lisp Slime[??])".

```
;;; ALISTS and related functions

(defvar *month-table*
  '((( "Jan" . 1) ("Feb" . 2) ("Mar" . 3) ("Apr" . 4)
    ("May" . 5) ("Jun" . 6) ("Jul" . 7) ("Aug" . 8)
    ("Sep" . 9) ("Oct" . 10) ("Nov" . 11) ("Dec" . 12)))
(defvar *day-table*
  '((( "Sun" . 1) ("Mon" . 2) ("Tue" . 3) ("Wed" . 4)
    ("Thu" . 5) ("Fri" . 6) ("Sat" . 7))))
(defun alist-lookup (key alist)
  (cdr (assoc key alist :test #'string=)))
(defun alist-reverse-lookup (value alist)
  (car (rassoc value alist)))

;;; PARSING

(defun read-file-data (file-name)
  "Reads file data and puts it into a list"
  (with-open-file (in-file file-name)
    (when in-file
      (let ((lst '()))
        (loop for line = (read-line in-file nil)
              while line
              do (push line lst))
        (nreverse lst)))))

(defun parse-raw-date (date-str)
  "Parses a date into a list"
  (destructuring-bind ((day-of-week 0 3)
                      (day 4 6))
    ---:--- slp.lisp      17% of 13k (96,42)  (Lisp Slime[??])-----
```

emacs edits source code

# The many faces of emacs

The screenshot shows an Emacs window titled "emacs@localhost" displaying the contents of the file "slp.fasl". The buffer is in hexl mode, showing memory addresses from 00000000 to 00001c0. The file size is 419k, and the current position is at byte 5,20. The text in the buffer consists of binary data and some ASCII characters, including comments like "# FASL. compile" and file paths like "/home/phil/projects/slp2/slp.lisp". The window has a standard X11-style title bar and scroll bars.

Address	Value	Content
00000000	2320 4641 534c 0a20 2063 6f6d 7069 6c65	# FASL. compile
00000010	6420 6672 6f6d 2022 2f68 6f6d 652f 7068	d from "/home/ph
00000020	696c 2f70 726f 6a65 6374 732f 736c 7032	il/projects/slp2
00000030	2f73 6c70 2e6c 6973 7022 0a20 2061 7420	/slp.lisp". at
00000040	5475 6573 0461 792c 2044 6563 656d 6265	Tuesday, Decembe
00000050	7220 3236 2c20 3230 3036 2030 323a 3438	r 26, 2006 02:48
00000060	3a30 3420 504d 2045 5354 0a20 206f 6e20	:04 PM EST. on
00000070	7068 696c 0a20 2075 7369 6e67 2053 4243	phil. using SBC
00000080	4c20 7665 7273 696f 6e20 312e 300a ff03	L version 1.0...
00000090	0000 0058 3836 4700 0000 2700 0000 283a	...X86G...`...(:
000000a0	4745 4e43 4743 203a 5342 2d50 4143 4b41	GENCGC :SB-PACKA
000000b0	4745 2d4c 4f43 4b53 203a 5342 2d55 4e49	GE-LOCKS :SB-UNI
000000c0	434f 4445 2951 a207 5300 0000 4200 0000	CODE)Q..S...B...
000000d0	2d00 0000 4900 0000 4d00 0000 5000 0000	-...I...M...P...
000000e0	4c00 0000 0e52 010b 000d 2500 0000 4400	L...R...%...D.
000000f0	0000 4500 0000 4600 0000 5000 0000 4100	..E...F...P...A.
00000100	0000 5200 0000 4100 0000 4d00 0000 4500	..R...A...M...E.
00000110	0000 5400 0000 4500 0000 5200 0000 51a2	..T...E...R...Q.
00000120	1043 0000 004f 0000 004d 0000 004d 0000	.C...O...M...M..
00000130	004f 0000 004e 0000 002d 0000 004c 0000	.O...N...-...L..
00000140	0049 0000 0053 0000 0050 0000 002d 0000	.I...S...P...-..
00000150	0055 0000 0053 0000 0045 0000 0052 0000	.U...S...E...R..
00000160	000e 5201 0b02 102a 0000 0053 0000 004c	..R....*...S...L
00000170	0000 0045 0000 0045 0000 0050 0000 002d	...E...E...P...-
00000180	0000 004c 0000 004f 0000 0047 0000 002d	...L...O...G...-
00000190	0000 0050 0000 0041 0000 0054 0000 0048	...P...A...T...H
000001a0	0000 002a 0000 00a2 102f 0000 0068 0000	...*....../...h..
000001b0	006f 0000 006d 0000 0065 0000 002f 0000	.o...m...e.../..
000001c0	0070 0000 0068 0000 0069 0000 006c 0000	.p...h...i...1..

emacs is a hex editor  
M-x hexl-find-file

# The many faces of emacs

ADPAgentC.java

```
public class ADPAgentC extends ADPAgentC {
    Random r;
    int[] fixedpolicy;
    double[] utilities;
    double[] reward;
    int numStates;
    int numActions;
    double discount;
    double[][][] TransModel;
    double[][] Nsa;
    double[][][] Nsasp;
    int[] statevisited;
    int prevState;
    int prevAction;
    PolicyEvaluation policyEval;
    public ADPAgentC(Mdp mdp) {
        super(mdp);
        this.r = new Random();
        this.numStates = mdp.numStates;
        this.numActions = mdp.numActions;
    }
}
```

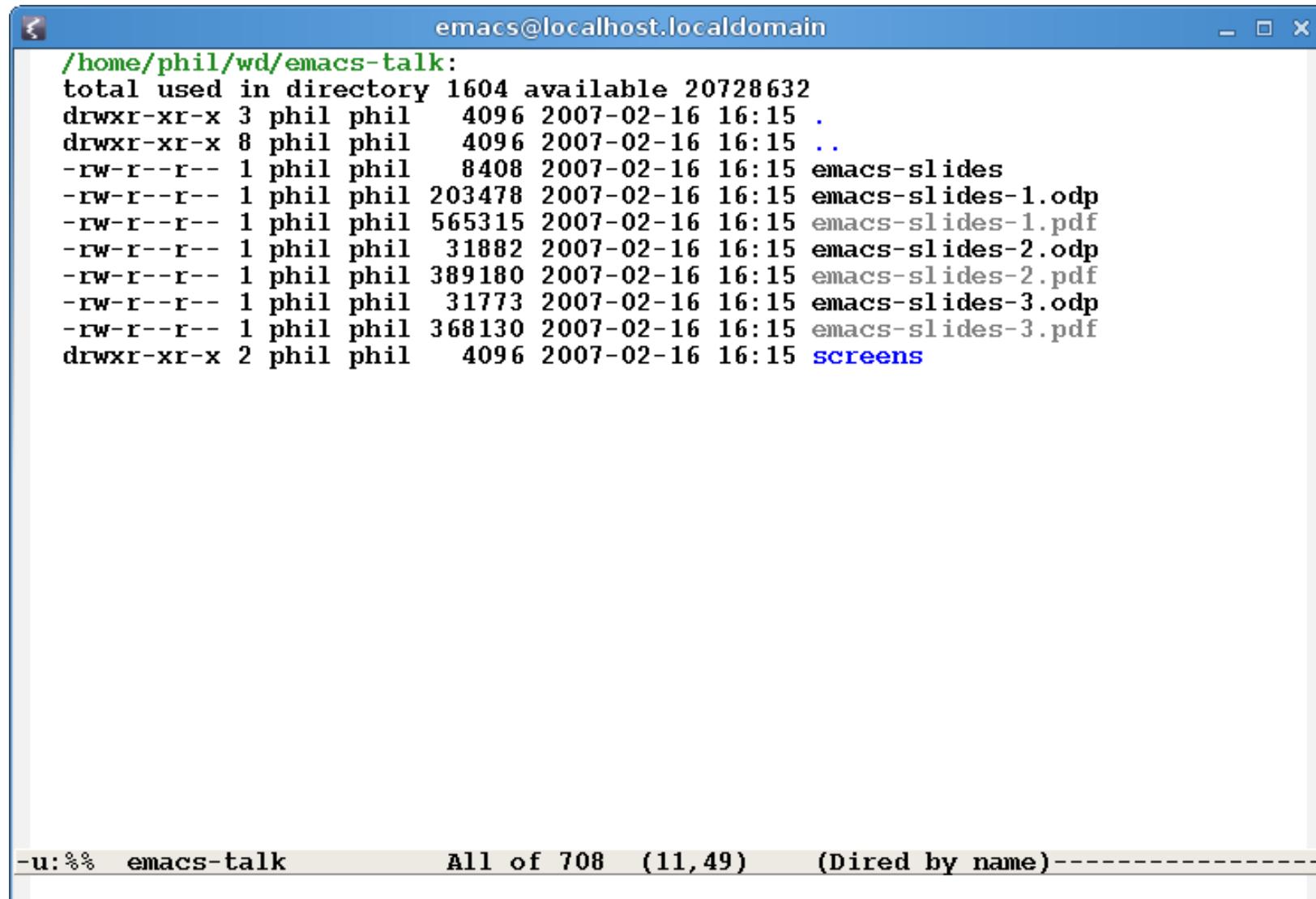
A: --:%% !home!phil!school!6.825!proj3!

```
public class ADPAgentC extends ADPAgentC {
    Random r;
    int[] policy;
    double[] utilities;
    double[] reward;
    int numStates;
    int numActions;
    double discount;
    double[][][] TransModel;
    int[][] Nsa;
    int[][][] Nsasp;
    int[] statevisited;
    int prevState;
    int prevAction;
    PolicyEvaluation policyEval;
    ExplorationFunction explorationFunction;
    final int threshold = 5;
    final double unexploredValue = 1000.0;
}
```

B: --:-- ADPAgentC.java 4% of 3.4k (

emacs does diffs  
M-x ediff-buffers

# The many faces of emacs



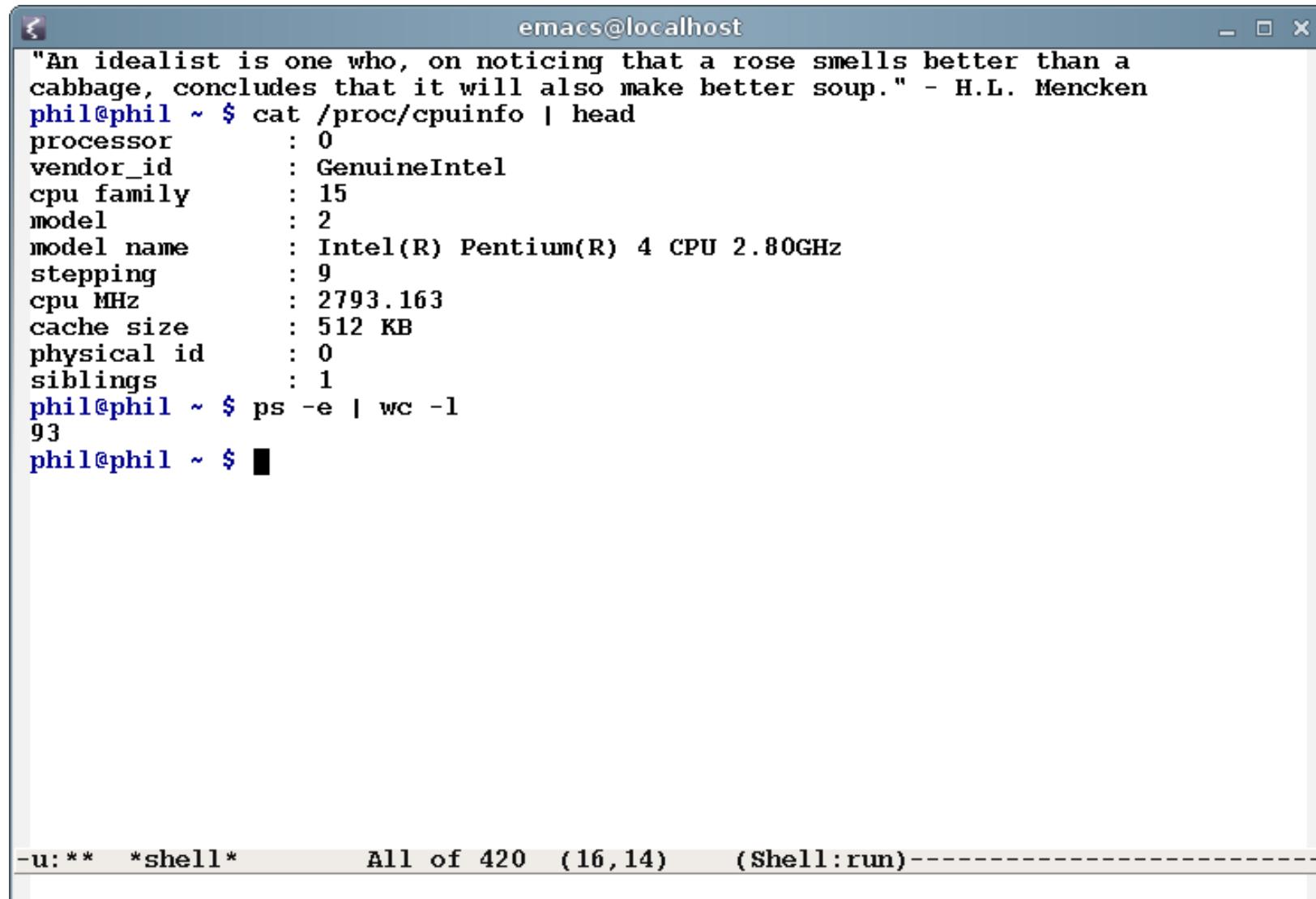
The screenshot shows an X terminal window titled "emacs@localhost.localdomain". The window displays a file listing in the directory "/home/phil/wd/emacs-talk". The listing includes files such as ".emacs-slides", "emacs-slides-1.odp", "emacs-slides-1.pdf", "emacs-slides-2.odp", "emacs-slides-2.pdf", "emacs-slides-3.odp", "emacs-slides-3.pdf", and "screens". The file "screens" is highlighted in blue. The terminal window has a standard title bar and scroll bars.

```
/home/phil/wd/emacs-talk:  
total used in directory 1604 available 20728632  
drwxr-xr-x 3 phil phil 4096 2007-02-16 16:15 .  
drwxr-xr-x 8 phil phil 4096 2007-02-16 16:15 ..  
-rw-r--r-- 1 phil phil 8408 2007-02-16 16:15 emacs-slides  
-rw-r--r-- 1 phil phil 203478 2007-02-16 16:15 emacs-slides-1.odp  
-rw-r--r-- 1 phil phil 565315 2007-02-16 16:15 emacs-slides-1.pdf  
-rw-r--r-- 1 phil phil 31882 2007-02-16 16:15 emacs-slides-2.odp  
-rw-r--r-- 1 phil phil 389180 2007-02-16 16:15 emacs-slides-2.pdf  
-rw-r--r-- 1 phil phil 31773 2007-02-16 16:15 emacs-slides-3.odp  
-rw-r--r-- 1 phil phil 368130 2007-02-16 16:15 emacs-slides-3.pdf  
drwxr-xr-x 2 phil phil 4096 2007-02-16 16:15 screens
```

-u:%% emacs-talk All of 708 (11,49) (Dired by name)-----

emacs is a file manager  
M-x `dired`

# The many faces of emacs



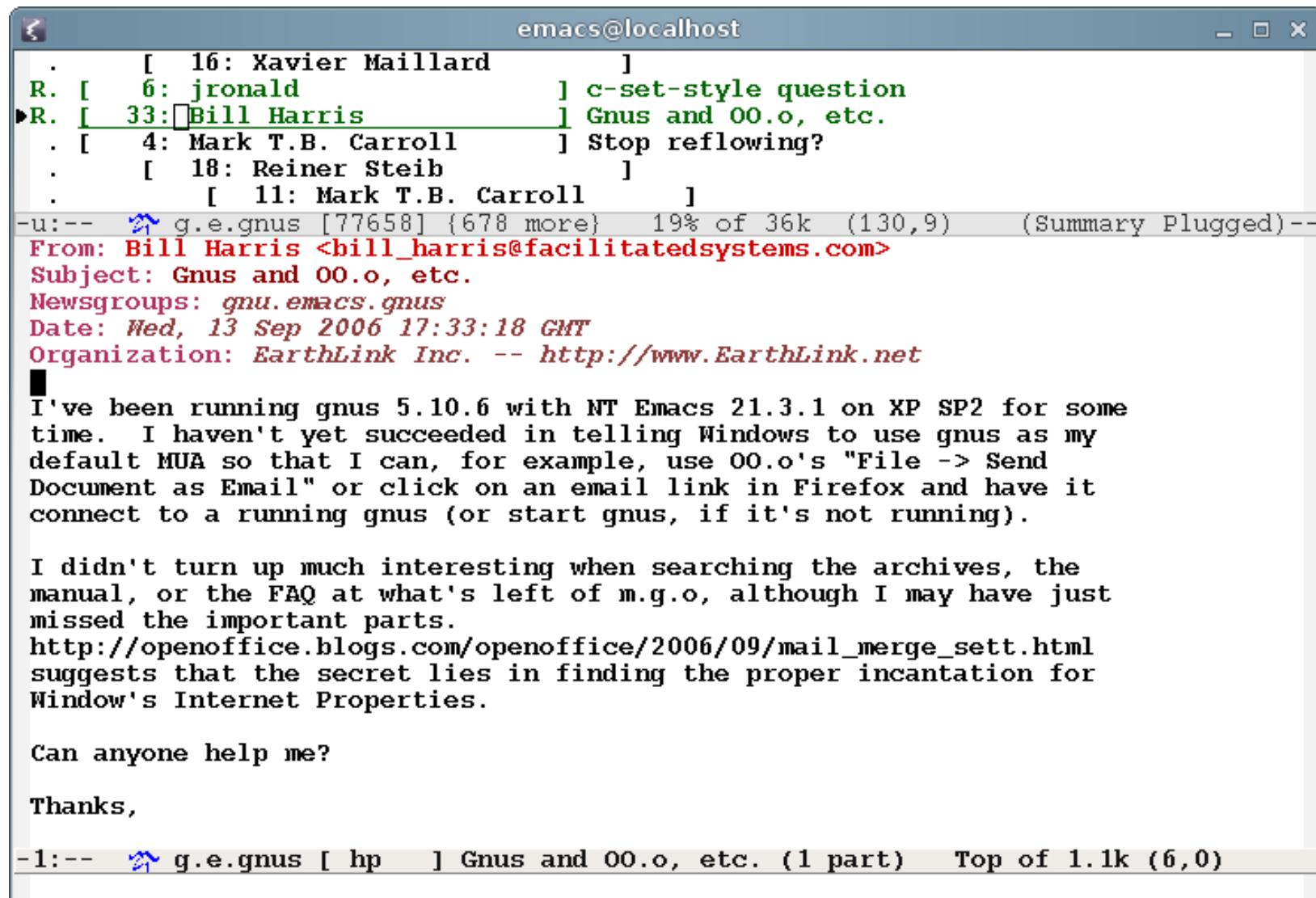
An Emacs window titled "emacs@localhost" displaying a terminal session. The session shows a quote from H.L. Mencken, CPU information, and process counts.

```
"An idealist is one who, on noticing that a rose smells better than a cabbage, concludes that it will also make better soup." - H.L. Mencken
phil@phil ~ $ cat /proc/cpuinfo | head
processor       : 0
vendor_id      : GenuineIntel
cpu family     : 15
model          : 2
model name     : Intel(R) Pentium(R) 4 CPU 2.80GHz
stepping        : 9
cpu MHz         : 2793.163
cache size      : 512 KB
physical id    : 0
siblings        : 1
phil@phil ~ $ ps -e | wc -l
93
phil@phil ~ $ █
```

-u: \*\* \*shell\* All of 420 (16,14) (Shell:run)-----

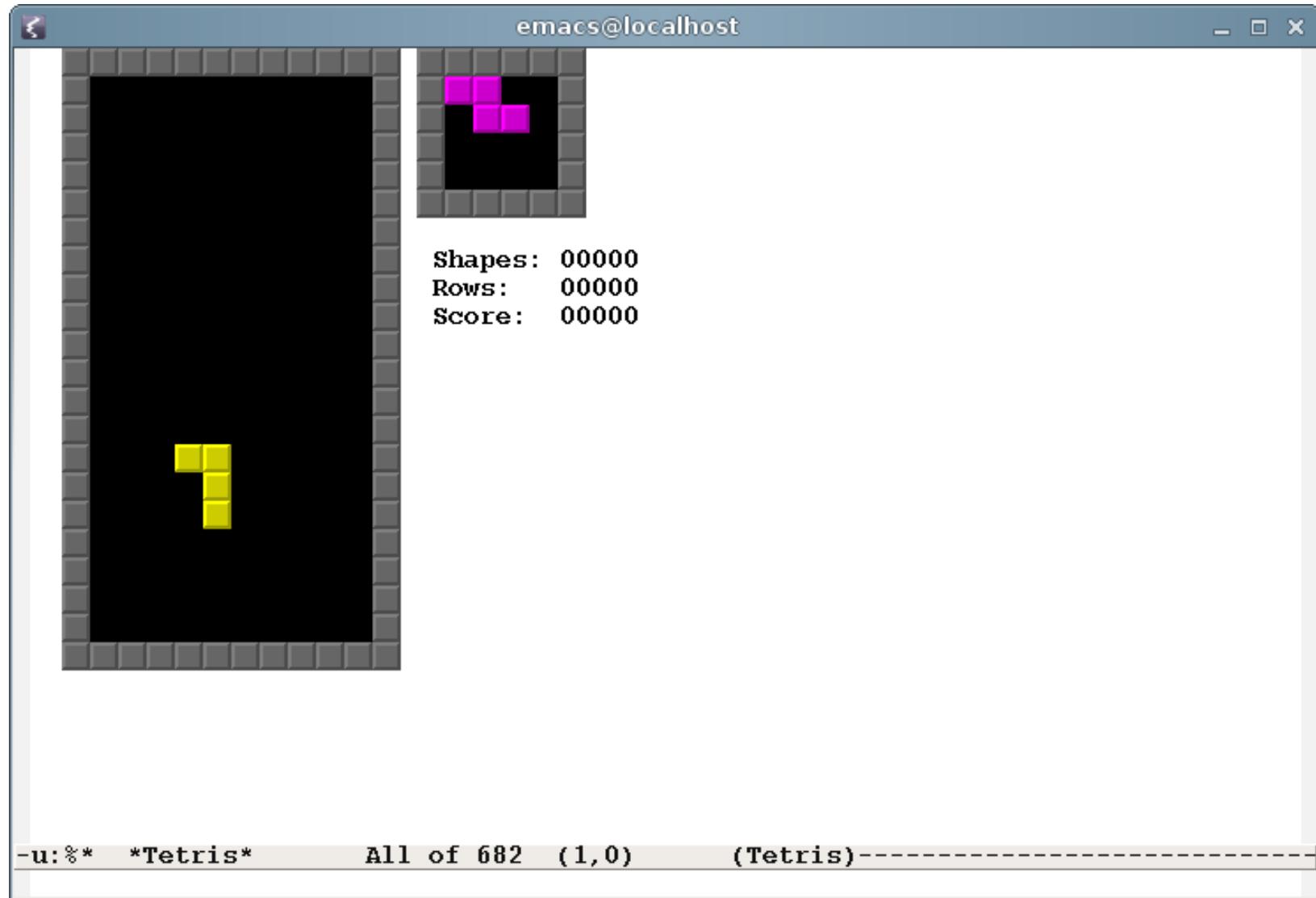
emacs is a shell  
M-x shell

# The many faces of emacs



emacs is a mail/news client  
M-x gnus

# The many faces of emacs



emacs plays tetris  
M-x tetris

# Why emacs?

- Provides an integrated environment
  - Same tools, commands, etc. for all tasks
  - Move text between tasks
- Easy to extend
  - Elisp for customizing or adding new features
  - Extension code has the full power of emacs
  - Dynamic environment: no restarting or recompiling
- Portable

## ■ Today's goal: get the flavor of emacs

- Getting started with emacs
- Editing tips
- Useful features
- Basic customizations
- Common motifs in emacs

Examples based on  
**GNU Emacs 22**

## ■ Later...

- Advanced customization
- Programming and extending emacs with elisp

# Prerequisites (sort of)

- Emacs basic concepts
  - files, buffers, windows, frames
- Keyboard commands
  - key commands, prefix keys, M-x, the minibuffer
- Basic tasks
  - opening and saving files, exiting emacs

**Take the tutorial:**  
`C-h t`

# **It's all about text manipulation**

- **Text in files**
  - grocery lists, HTML, code, ...
- **Text outside of files**
  - shell, debugger, ...
- **Text as a metaphor**
  - dired, gnus, ...

# Text as a metaphor: dired

The screenshot shows an Emacs window titled "emacs@localhost.localdomain" with a buffer titled "/home/phil/wd/emacs-talk:". The buffer displays a file listing:

```
total used in directory 1604 available 20728
drwxr-xr-x 3 phil phil 4096 2007-02-16 16:15 ..
drwxr-xr-x 8 phil phil 4096 2007-02-16 16:15 ...
-rw-r--r-- 1 phil phil 8408 2007-02-16 16:15 emacs-slides
-rw-r--r-- 1 phil phil 203478 2007-02-16 16:15 emacs-slides-1.odp
-rw-r--r-- 1 phil phil 565315 2007-02-16 16:15 emacs-slides-1.pdf
-rw-r--r-- 1 phil phil 31882 2007-02-16 16:15 emacs-slides-2.odp
-rw-r--r-- 1 phil phil 389180 2007-02-16 16:15 emacs-slides-2.pdf
-rw-r--r-- 1 phil phil 31773 2007-02-16 16:15 emacs-slides-3.odp
-rw-r--r-- 1 phil phil 368130 2007-02-16 16:15 emacs-slides-3.pdf
drwxr-xr-x 2 phil phil 4096 2007-02-16 16:15 screens
```

A yellow callout box contains the text:

**M-x wdired-change-to-wdired-mode**  
after opening any directory

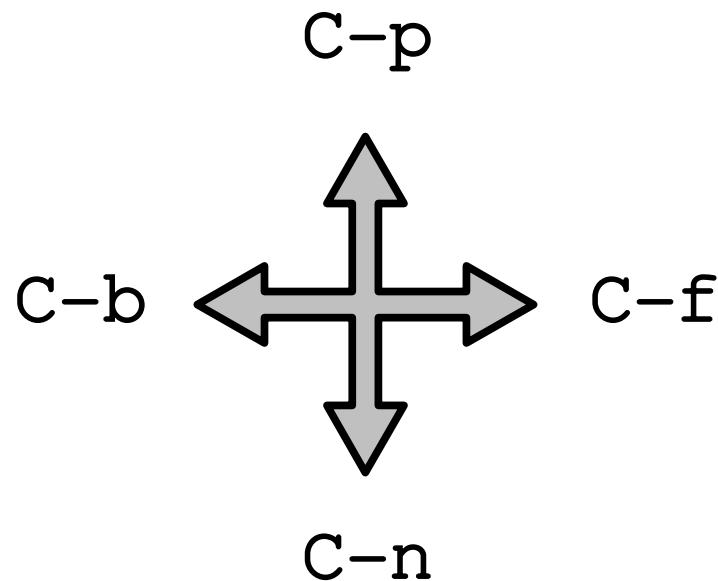
A grey callout box contains the text:

After editing names  
in this buffer, C-c  
C-c renames the  
modified files

At the bottom of the window, status lines show "-u:%% emacs-talk", "All of 708 (11,49)", and "(Dired by name)".

# Moving around in buffers

- By character or line



# Moving around in buffers

- Beginning, end of line
  - C-a, C-e
- By word
  - M-f, M-b
- By sentence
  - M-a, M-e
- By screen
  - C-v, M-v
- Beginning, end of buffer
  - M-&, M->
- Go to line #
  - M-g g

# Moving around in buffers

- Move some number of lines forward, backward
  - example: C-u 10 C-p
  - C-u prefix generalizes to other commands
- Search for text
  - C-s, C-r
- Exchange point (cursor) and mark
  - C-x C-x

# Killing ("cutting") text

- Kill line
  - C-k
- Kill many lines
  - C-u 10 C-k (10 lines)
  - C-u C-k (4 lines)
  - C-u C-u C-k (16 lines)

# Killing ("cutting") text

- Kill region
  - C-w
- Save without killing
  - M-w
- Kill sentence
  - M-k
- Zap to character
  - M-z CHAR

# Yanking ("pasting") text

- Yank
  - C-y
- Yank previous text
  - M-y (after C-y)
- The kill ring
  - Almost all commands which delete text put it here for possible later retrieval

# The mark

- Remembers a previous cursor position
  - C-x C-x to swap point (cursor) and mark
- When you...                    ■ the mark is set to...
  - C-spc
  - M-< or M->
  - Search for text
  - Yank text
  - Insert a buffer
  - where you are
  - where you were
  - where you started
  - start of inserted text
  - start of inserted text

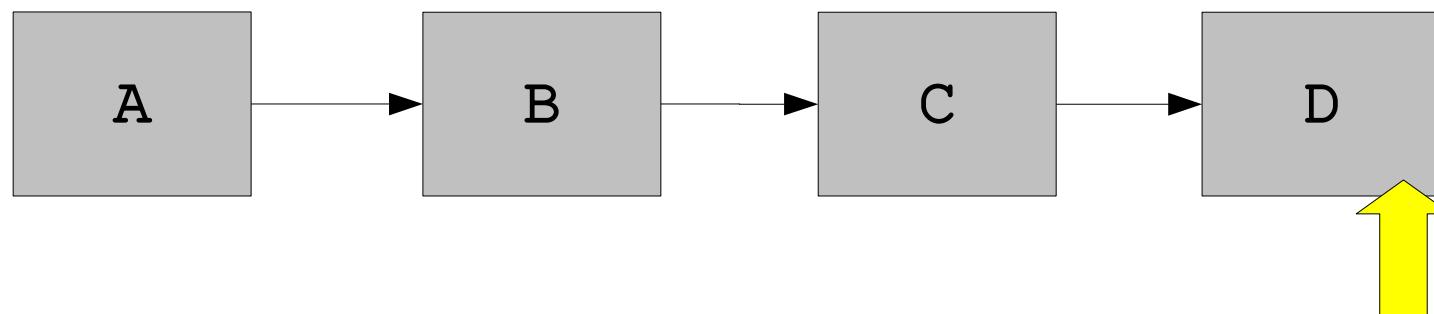
# The mark

- The mark ring
  - Move to a previous mark: C-u C-spc
- Mark and point are used to delineate 'the region'

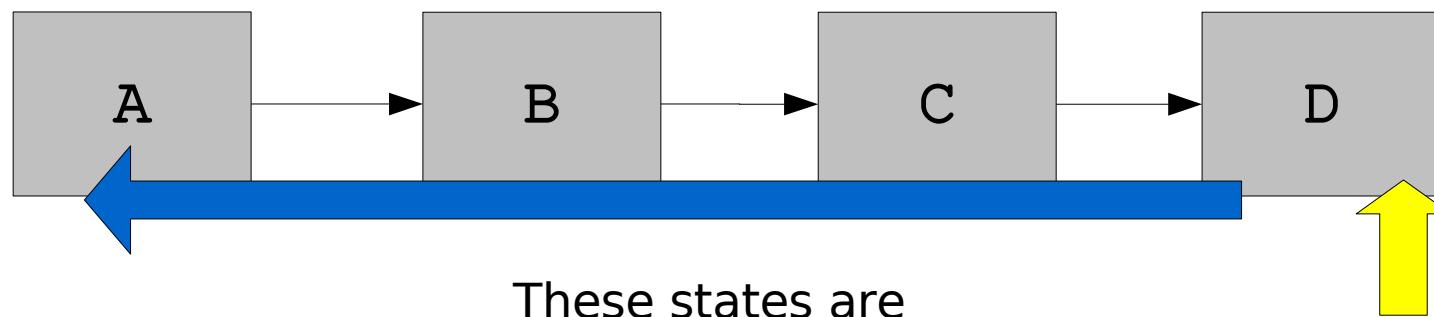
# Undo

- Undo previous actions
  - C-/ or C-\_ or C-x u
- Undo within current region
  - C-u C-/

# The undo model, illustrated



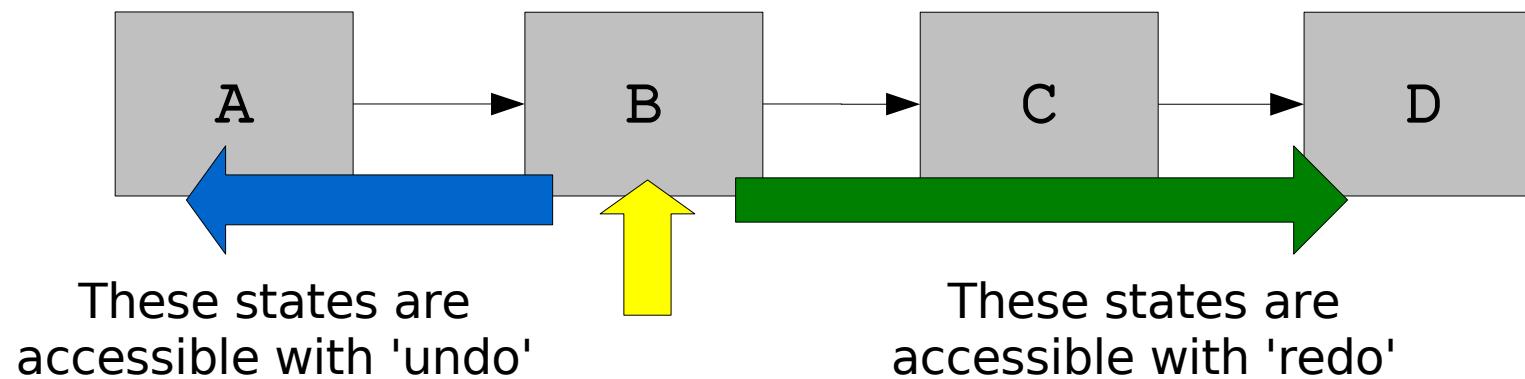
# The undo model, illustrated



# The undo model, illustrated

**Undo some of your actions...**

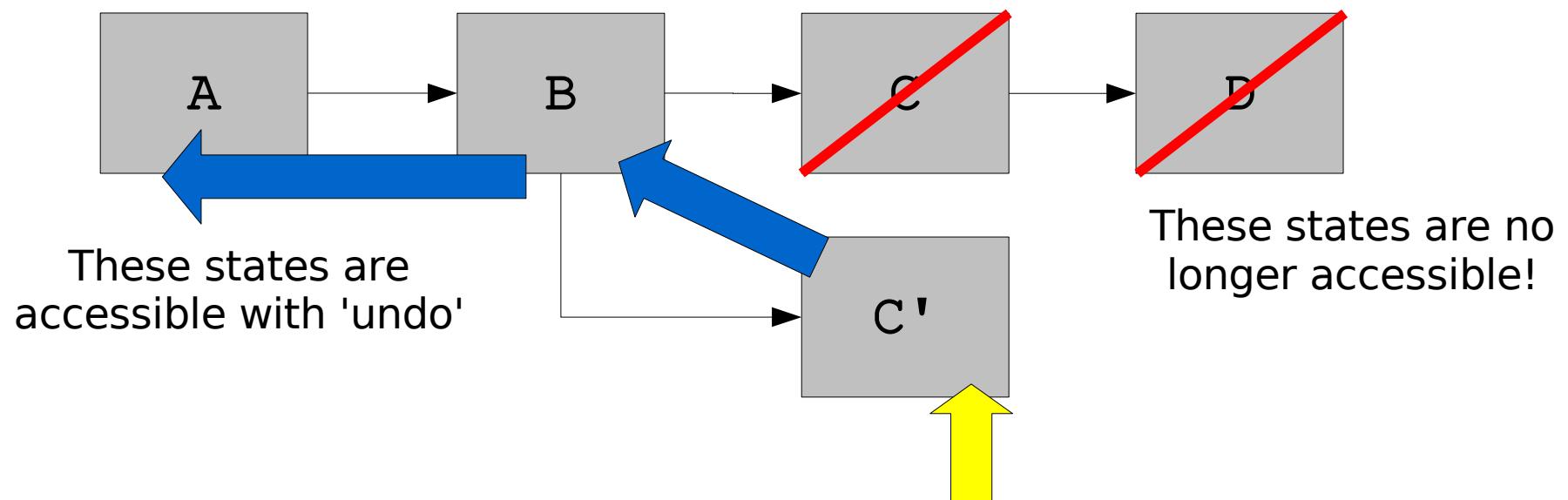
**This is how most editors other than emacs work:**



# The undo model, illustrated

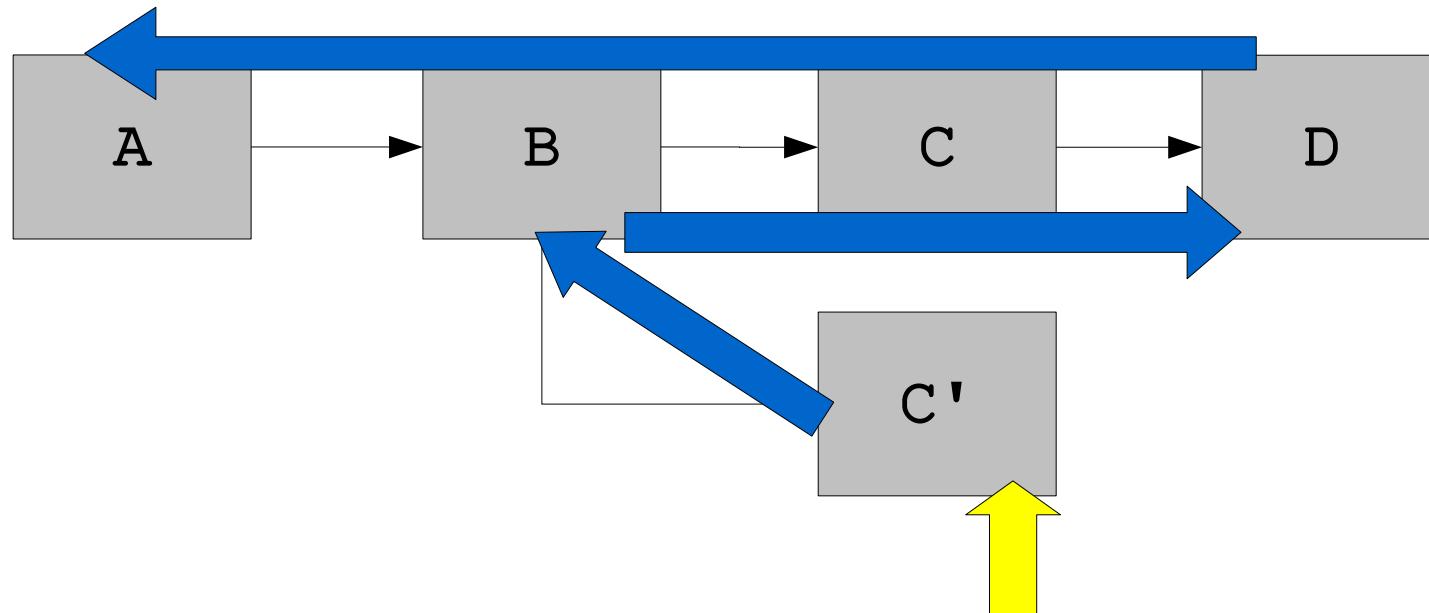
Now do something else...

This is how most editors other than emacs work:



# The undo model, illustrated

How emacs handles this situation



The list of states is 'unfolded'  
so that all previous actions,  
including undos, are undoable

# Prefix arguments

- Sometimes used to indicate repetition
  - C-u 10 C-f (forward 10 characters)
  - C-u C-o (make 4 new lines)
- Sometimes modify following command
  - C-/ (undo) vs. C-u C-/ (undo within region)
  - M-x shell vs. C-u M-x shell
- A command's documentation (C-h f or C-h k) describes the effect of the prefix argument, if any

# Incremental search

- Search for text
  - `C-s text`
  - `C-s` again to find next occurrence
  - RET to stop at found occurrence
  - `C-g` to cancel and go back to start of search
  - Many options available inside search;  
`C-h k C-s` to learn more

# Incremental search

- Search for regular expression
  - C-M-s *regexp*
  - Syntax may be slightly different from other REs you may have used
  - Emacs REs are a superset of Perl REs

# Search history

- Search for previously searched string
  - C-s C-s
- Browse and edit previous queries
  - C-s then M-p, M-n

# Searching and replacing

- Search and replace, asking for confirmation
  - M-% or M-x query-replace
- Display all lines matching RE
  - M-x occur

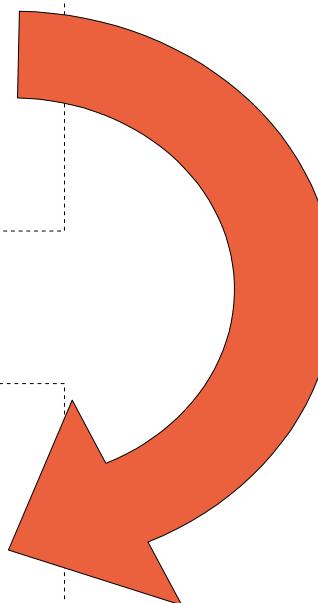
# RE search and replacement

- M-x `replace-regexp`
- Substitutions can contain the following:
  - `\&` (the matched string)
  - `\1, \2, etc.` (references to parts of matched string)
  - `\#` (number of matched lines so far)
  - `\?` (prompt user for what to enter)
  - `\, (lisp-expression ...)`
    - Arbitrary expression which can include `\1, \&, \#, etc.`

# RE replacement example

```
Bill Gates  
Steve Jobs  
Eric Schmidt  
Larry Ellison
```

```
GATES, Bill  
JOBS, Steve  
SCHMIDT, Eric  
ELLISON, Larry
```



```
M-x replace-regexp  
\(\w+\) \(\w+\)  
with  
\, (upcase \2), \1
```

# Everything you need...

- Shell
  - M-x shell
- Compile (invoke make)
  - M-x compile
- Debug
  - M-x gdb

# ...and then some

- Calculator
  - M-x calc
- Calendar
  - M-x calendar
- Moon calendar
  - M-x phases-of-moon

# Major modes

- Alters behavior, key bindings, and text display
- Switch mode in existing buffer:
  - `M-x java-mode`
  - `M-x python-mode`
  - `M-x fundamental-mode`
- Or, use another command to create buffer:
  - `M-x shell`
  - `M-x dire`

# Language major mode features

- Language-specific indentation, syntax coloring
- Language-specific features:
  - Lisp: commands for manipulating s-expressions
  - Python: commands for (un)indenting blocks
  - Modes can define or redefine keys

# Minor modes

- `M-x follow-mode`
- `M-x auto-fill-mode`
- Narrowing
  - `C-x n n` or `M-x narrow-to-region` to narrow to region
  - `C-x n w` or `M-x widen` to restore ('widen')
- Offer completions for buffers, commands, etc.
  - `M-x icomplete-mode`

# **Helpful addons**

- tramp: open remote files over SSH
- etags: name search/completion for source code

# Registers

- Store current window configuration
  - `C-x r w REGISTER`
- Restore window configuration
  - `C-x r j REGISTER`
- Registers can also store positions, text, numbers, file names...



**REGISTER** may be  
any letter or number

# Macros

- Remembers a fixed sequence of keys for later repetition
- Start recording macro: C-x (
- Stop recording macro: C-x )
- Replay macro: C-x e

# Macro example

Define macro:

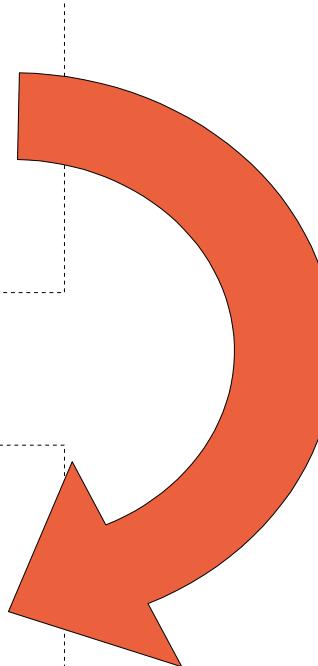
M-d C-d M-u , [SPC]  
C-y C-n C-a

"Remove first word and space,  
uppercase next word, insert comma  
and space afterward, reinsert first  
word, move to beginning of next line"

Bill Gates  
Steve Jobs  
Eric Schmidt  
Larry Ellison

Run macro repeatedly:  
C-x e e ...

GATES, Bill  
JOBS, Steve  
SCHMIDT, Eric  
ELLISON, Larry



# Everything is a command

- We've seen two ways to invoke commands
  - C-x n w (key invocation)
  - M-x widen (M-x invocation)

# Key bindings

- Emacs maps every key to a command
  - Bindings may be different across buffers, changeable at any time
  - C-h k tells you what any key (sequence) does
  - C-h f tells you what any command does

# Running elisp code

- Evaluate elisp with M-x eval-expression
  - Example function call: (+ 2 4 6)
- Get or set variables:
  - sentence-end-double-space
  - (setq inhibit-startup-message t)
- Sometimes these correspond to commands:
  - (forward-char) is same as C-f or M-x forward-char

# Minibuffer input

- Common features whenever emacs prompts you to enter something
  - Most buffer editing, movement commands work
  - Browse previous inputs with **M-n**, **M-p**
  - Tab-completion is often available
- **M-x eval-expression**, **M-x find-file**, **M-x switch-to-buffer**, ...

# Customizing display

- Show trailing whitespace on lines
  - (setq show-trailing-whitespace t)
- Hide lines which are deeply indented
  - C-x \$
- Show column numbers in mode line
  - (column-number-mode t)

# Customizing key bindings

- (global-set-key [f7] 'compile)
- (global-set-key "\C-o" 'find-file)

# Your .emacs file

- Elisp code here is loaded when emacs starts
  - Set variables to your liking
  - Define your own commands
- Use the \*scratch\* buffer for playing with elisp
  - C-x C-e to evaluate
  - Move to ~/.emacs for permanent changes

# Custom

- Customization buffer: `M-x customize`
  - Browse, point and click for customization options
  - Custom generates code that goes in your `.emacs`

# Emacs server

- Use a single emacs session for **all** editing
- Do this once: `M-x server-start`
  - or put `(server-start)` in your `.emacs` file
- To edit a file:
  - `prompt% emacsclient file`
  - File opens in existing emacs frame
  - `C-x #` when done editing

# Invoking or installing emacs

- **emacs21 on Athena:** athena% emacs
- **emacs22 on Ubuntu/Debian:**  
apt-get install emacs-snapshot-gtk
- **emacs22 on Gentoo:** emerge emacs-cvs
- **emacs on Windows:**
  - Emacs under cygwin
  - Emacs-Win32 installer

# Common problems

- Delete not deleting?
  - M-x normal-erase-is-backspace-mode
- Keys with M- not working?
  - Use ESC instead
  - ESC x instead of M-x
  - ESC C-t instead of C-M-t

# “In the event of an emergency”

- Cancel command
  - C-g
- What did I just do?
  - M-x view-lossage
- Undo!
  - C-/ or C-\_

# Getting help with emacs

- Help about help
  - C-h C-h
- Help with key
  - C-h k
- Help with function
  - C-h f
- Help with variable
  - C-h v
- Help with mode
  - C-h m
- Show key bindings
  - C-h b

# Getting help with emacs

- Apropos (search for command)
  - C-h a
- Help with prefix key
  - C-h (after prefix key)
- Manuals
  - M-x info, then select emacs, elisp, or elisp-intro

- **Bonus: Being unproductive with emacs**
  - M-x tetris, M-x hanoi, M-x doctor, ...
- **Next time: emacs lisp**
  - Writing new functions, commands, and modes
  - Manipulating text programmatically
  - Altering behavior of existing commands